



Linsmaier and Skoog Medium

With Calcium chloride, Vitamins, Sucrose and CleriGel™

Product Code: PT096G

Product Description :

Linsmaier and Skoog Medium (LS) has been developed by Linsmaier and Skoog in 1965 for optimizing the organic requirement of tobacco cultures. The medium consists of standard Murashige and Skoog (MS) basal salts supplemented with Linsmaier and Skoog vitamins. It is widely used for micro propagation, organ culture, callus culture and suspension culture.

The formulation is a nutrient blend of inorganic salts, vitamins, carbohydrate and gelling agent. Potassium nitrate and ammonium nitrate provides nitrogen and help to maintain pH of the medium. Potassium dihydrogen phosphate serves as a source of phosphate. Microelements like Boron, Manganese, Molybdenum, Copper, Iron and Zinc play vital role in plant metabolism. Boron plays a key role in carbohydrate metabolism. Increased concentration of thiamine hydrochloride to 0.4 mg/l from 0.1 mg/l compensates for absence of other vitamins except inositol, which acts as enzymatic cofactor in the universal pathways including glycolysis and TCA cycle along with the primary and secondary metabolism in plants.

CleriGelTM, a gellan gum is used as an alternative to agar. It offers several advantages over conventional agar as it sets a clear gel which assists easy observation of cultures and their possible contamination. Unlike agar, gel strength of CleriGelTM is unaffected over a wide range of pH and contains no contaminants like phenolic compounds that can be toxic to plant tissues. It solidifies uniformly and rapidly.

The product is plant tissue culture tested but it is the sole responsibility of the user to ensure the suitability of the medium for individual species.

Composition :

| mg/L |
|----------|
| |
| 1650.000 |
| 332.200 |
| |

| Magnesium sulphate | 180.690 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Potassium nitrate | 1900.000 |
| Potassium phosphate monobasic | 170.000 |
| MICROELEMENTS | |
| Boric acid | 6.200 |
| Cobalt chloride hexahydrate | 0.025 |
| Copper sulphate pentahydrate | 0.025 |
| EDTA disodium salt dihydrate | 37.300 |
| Ferrous sulphate heptahydrate | 27.800 |
| Manganese sulphate monohydrate | 16.900 |
| Molybdic acid (sodium salt) | 0.213 |
| Potassium Iodide | 0.830 |
| Zinc sulphate heptahydrate | 8.600 |
| VITAMINS | |
| myo-Inositol | 100.000 |
| Thiamine hydrochloride | 0.400 |
| CARBOHYDRATE | |
| Sucrose | 30000.000 |
| GELLING AGENT | |
| CleriGel TM (Gelrite) | 3000.000 |
| Total(gms/litre) | 37.4 |

Material required but not provided :

• Autoclaved distilled water

- Plant growth regulators
- 1N NaOH/HCl

Precautions :

• Ensure appropriate pH of the medium before addition of gelling agent as acidic pH will lead to decreased gelation resulting in semi solid flowing gel while alkaline pH will lead to formation of hardened gel.

• Use of Distilled water/Tissue culture grade water is recommended for media preparation as tap water or lower grade water may lead to salt precipitation and improper gelation.

• Avoid preparation of concentrated solutions, as it will lead to precipitation of salts.

Directions :

· Reconstitute medium by adding required quantity of

powder in two-third of total volume with constant, gentle stirring till the medium gets completely dissolved.

• Add heat stable supplements prior to autoclaving.

• Make up the final volume with distilled water.

 \bullet Adjust the pH of the medium to 5.75 ± 0.5 using 1N NaOH/ HCl.

• Heat the medium to boiling till complete dissolution of gelling agent.

• Sterilize the medium by autoclaving at 15 lbs and 121°C for 15 min.

• Cool the autoclaved medium to about 45°C before adding heat labile supplements.

• Aseptically dispense the desired amount of medium under a laminar airflow unit in sterile culture vessels.

Quality Control:

Appearance

White to off-white, homogenous, free flowing powder

Solubility

37.4 gms/litre soluble after boiling in distilled water

Colour and Clarity

Colourless to light yellow solution, clear gel is formed on cooling

pH at 25°C

3.70 - 4.70

Plant Tissue Culture Test

The growth promoting properties of medium is assessed by providing plant cultures with relative humidity of about $60\% \pm 2\%$, temperature $22^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ and photoperiod of about 16:8. The plant species showed actively growing callus and shoots with no structural, necrotic and toxic deformity.

Storage and Shelf Life:

• The plant tissue culture medium powder is extremely hygroscopic and must be stored at 2-8°C in air tight containers.

• Preferably, entire content of each package should be used immediately after opening.

• Use before the expiry date.

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Disclaimer :

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