

**Perfringens HiVeg™ Agar Base (O.P.S.P.)**

**MV579**

Perfringens HiVeg Agar Base(O.P.S.P.) with selective supplements is used as a selective medium for isolation and enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens* in foods.

**Composition \*\* :**

Ingredients	Grams/Litre
HiVeg hydrolysate	15.0
Papaic digest of soyabean meal	5.0
Yeast extract	5.0
HiVeg extract No. 2	7.0
Ferric ammonium citrate	1.0
Sodium metabisulphite	1.0
Tris buffer	1.5
Agar	15.0

Final pH (at 25°C ) 7.3 ± 0.2

\*\* Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters.

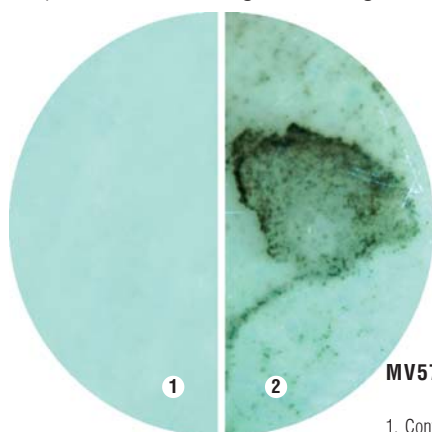
**Directions :**

Suspend 25.25 grams in 500 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 50°C. Aseptically add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Perfringens Supplement I (FD011) and Perfringens Supplement II (FD012) each. Mix well before pouring into sterile petriplates.

**Principle and Interpretation :**

Perfringens HiVeg Agar Base is prepared by using HiVeg hydrolysate and HiVeg extract No.2 which are free from BSE/TSE risks. This medium is the modification of Perfringens Agar Base (O.P.S.P.) which is based on the formula developed by Handford(1) and is used as a selective medium for isolation and enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens* in foods (2).

HiVeg hydrolysate, yeast extract, papaic digest of soyabean meal and HiVeg extract No.2 supply most of the essential nitrogenous nutrients, vitamin B complex and trace ingredients for the growth of *Clostridium perfringens*. Sodium metabisulphite and ferric ammonium citrate are used as indicators of sulphite reduction by *Clostridium perfringens* which produces black colonies. The production of black colonies on this medium is a presumptive identification of *Clostridium perfringens*, further identification tests must be carried out. Tris buffer helps in maintaining buffering action. The antibiotics



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1. Control
2. *Clostridium perfringens*

**Product Profile :**

Vegetable based (Code MV)®	Animal based (Code M)
<b>MV579</b> HiVeg hydrolysate HiVeg extract No. 2	<b>M579</b> Casein enzymic hydrolysate Liver extract

**Recommended for** : Isolation and enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens* in foods

**Reconstitution** : 50.5 g/l

**Quantity on preparation (500g)** : 9.90 L

**pH (25°C)** : 7.3 ± 0.2

**Supplement** : Perfringens Supplement I (FD011), Perfringens Supplement II (FD012).

**Sterilization** : 121°C / 15 minutes.

**Storage** : Dry Medium - Below 30°C, Prepared Medium 2 - 8°C.

Sulphadiazine, Bleandomycin and Polymyxin B make the medium highly selective inhibiting sulphite reducing bacteria other than *Clostridium perfringens* such as *Salmonellae*, *Bacillus* species, *Proteus* species, *Staphylococci* etc. Occasional strains of *Enterococci* will grow on this medium as white colonies, easily distinguished from the large black colonies of *Clostridium perfringens*.

**Quality Control :**

**Appearance of powder**

Yellow coloured, may have slightly greenish tinge, homogeneous, free flowing powder.

**Gelling**

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel.

**Colour and Clarity**

Amber coloured, clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in petri plates.

**Reaction**

Reaction of 5.05% w/v aqueous solution is pH 7.3 ± 0.2 at 25°C.

**Cultural Response**

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18 - 48 hours with added Perfringens Supplement I (FD011) and Perfringens Supplement II (FD012).

Organisms (ATCC)	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of colony
<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (6633)	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	0%	-
<i>Clostridium bifementans</i>	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	0%	-
<i>Clostridium butyricum</i> (9690)	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	0%	-
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i> (12924)	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	luxuriant	>70%	black
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> (29212)	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	none-poor	<20%	white, if any
<i>Proteus vulgaris</i> (13315)	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	0%	-
<i>Salmonella</i> serotype Typhi (6539)	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	0%	-
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (25923)	10 <sup>2</sup> -10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited	0%	-

**References :**

1. Handford P.M., 1974, J. Appl. Bact., 37 : 559.
2. Hauschild A.H.W. et al, 1977, ICMSF Methods Studies VIII, Can. J. Microbiol., 23:884.