

## Anaerobic Blood Agar Plate

MP975A

### Intended Use:

Recommended for cultivation of anaerobic microorganisms including very fastidious organisms from clinical specimens.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	g / L
Tryptone	15.000
Soya peptone	5.000
Yeast extract	5.000
Sodium chloride	5.000
L-Cysteine	0.500
Hemin	0.005
Agar	13.500
Sheep blood	100.000 ml
Final pH ( at 25°C)	7.4±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Either streak, inoculate or surface spread the test inoculum (50-100 CFU) aseptically on the plate.

### Principle And Interpretation

Anaerobic Blood Agar base serves as a nutritious, nonselective medium allowing the cultivation of not only fastidious anaerobes but also of aerobic and microaerophilic microorganisms (1). It promotes both typical pigment formation in *Bacteroides melanogenicus* and displays double haemolytic reaction in *Clostridium perfringens* with added blood to the medium base. The inner zone of haemolysis is due to toxin and the outer zone of incomplete haemolysis to toxin (lecithinase activity).

Tryptone, soya peptone and yeast extract in the medium provides carbon and nitrogenous source, long chain amino acids, vitamins and other essential nutrients. Presence of Hemin and Vitamin K1 supports the growth of typical fastidious bacteria like *Bacteroides* species and gram positive spore bearers like *Clostridium* species. Addition of blood provides nutrients and helps to differentiate haemolytic organisms. Sodium chloride helps in maintaining the osmotic equilibrium.

### Type of specimen

Clinical samples- stool, abscess, etc.

### Specimen Collection and Handling:

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (2,3).

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

### Warning and Precautions :

In Vitro diagnostic Use. For professional use only. Read the label before opening the pack. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

### Limitations :

1. Individual organisms differ in their growth requirement and may show variable growth patterns on the medium
2. Each lot of the medium has been tested for the organisms specified on the COA. It is recommended to users to validate the medium for any specific microorganism other than mentioned in the COA based on the user's unique requirement.

### Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

## Quality Control

### Appearance

Sterile Anaerobic Blood Agar in 90 mm disposable plates with smooth surface and absence of black particles/cracks/bubbles.

### Colour of medium

Red coloured medium

### Quantity of medium

25 ml of medium in 90 mm disposable plates.

### pH

7.20-7.60

### Sterility Check

Passes release criteria

### Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics observed after 24-48 hours at 35-37°C with 5-10% CO<sub>2</sub>

Organism	Growth
<i>Bacteroides fragilis</i> ATCC 25285	luxuriant
<i>Bacteroides melaninogenicus</i> ATCC 25611	luxuriant
<i>Peptostreptococcus anaerobius</i> ATCC 27337	luxuriant

## Storage and Shelf Life

On receipt store between 2-8°C Use before expiry date on the label. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

## Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (2,3).

## Reference

1. Dowell, Jr., V.R., Lombard, G.L., Thompson, F.S., Armfield, A.Y.: Media for isolation, characterization and identification of obligately anaerobic bacteria- US Department of Health and Human services, centers for Disease Control (1977).
2. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition.
3. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

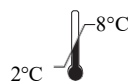
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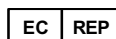
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