

## Pseudomonas Pyocyanin Agar Plate

MP119

### Intended Use:

For detection of pyocyanin production by *Pseudomonas* species.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Peptone	20.000
Potassium sulphate	10.000
Magnesium chloride	1.400
Glycerol	10.000
Agar	15.000
Final pH ( at 25°C)	7.0±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Either streak, inoculate or surface spread the test inoculum (50-100 CFU) aseptically on the plate.

### Principle And Interpretation

*Pseudomonas* Agar is based on the formulation described by King et al (1) and as recommended in U.S. Pharmacopoeia (2) for detecting pyocyanin, a water soluble pigment by *Pseudomonas* species (3). This medium enhances the elaboration of pyocyanin but inhibits the formation of fluorescein pigment. The fluorescein pigment diffuses from the colonies of *Pseudomonas* into the agar and shows blue colouration. Some *Pseudomonas* strains produce small amounts of fluorescein resulting in a blue-green colouration.

Peptone supply carbon, nitrogen substances, amino acids, other essential growth nutrients. Potassium sulphate and magnesium chloride, which enhances the pyocyanin production and suppresses the fluorescein production. A pyocyanin-producing *Pseudomonas* strain will usually also produce fluorescein. It must, therefore, be differentiated from other simple fluorescent *Pseudomonads* by other means. Temperature can be a determining factor as most other fluorescent strains will not grow at 35°C. Rather, they grow at 25-30°C (3).

### Type of specimen

Pharmaceutical samples

### Specimen Collection and Handling:

For pharmaceutical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (2). After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

### Warning and Precautions :

Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

### Limitations :

1. Individual organisms differ in their growth requirement and may show variable growth patterns on the medium.
2. Each lot of the medium has been tested for the organisms specified on the COA. It is recommended to users to validate the medium for any specific microorganism other than mentioned in the COA based on the user's unique requirement.
3. Further biochemical and serological test are to be carried out for confirmation.

### Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

## Quality Control

### Appearance

Sterile Pseudomonas Pyocyanin Agar Plate in 90 mm disposable plates with smooth surface and absence of black particles/ cracks/bubbles

### Colour of medium

Yellow coloured medium

### Quantity of medium

25 ml of medium in 90 mm disposable plates.

### pH

6.80-7.20

### Sterility Check

Passes release criteria

### Cultural Response

Cultural response was observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-48 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Observed Lot value (CFU)	Recovery	Colour of Medium
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 9027 (00026*)	50 -100	luxuriant	25 -100	>=50 %	blue-green
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853 (00025*)	50-100	luxuriant	25 -100	>=50 %	blue-green

Key : \*Corresponding WDCM numbers.

## Storage and Shelf Life

On receipt store between 20-30°C. Use before expiry date on the label. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

## Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (4,5).

## Reference

1. King, Ward and Raney, 1954, J.Lab. and Clin. Med., 44:301
2. The United States Pharmacopoeia-National Formulary (USP-NF), 2022.
3. MacFaddin J., 1985, Media for Isolation-Cultivation-Identification-Maintenance of Medical Bacteria, Vol. I, Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore.
4. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
5. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

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### Disclaimer :

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