

MBPCR248

Hi-PCR[®] Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR kit

Description

A variety of viruses can cause acute and severe illnesses in dogs. Emergency and critical care veterinarians often encounter infections such as canine parvovirus (CPV), canine distemper virus (CDV), and canine influenza virus (CIV). Canine parvovirus (CPV) is a highly contagious viral infection that commonly affects young or unvaccinated dogs, causing severe gastrointestinal illness. The virus is shed in feces within 4–5 days of exposure (sometimes before clinical symptoms appear), continues throughout the illness, and remains for about 10 days after recovery. Dogs typically acquire CPV through direct or indirect contact with infected feces or contaminated surfaces, equipment, or personnel. Canine distemper, caused by the Canine Distemper Virus (CDV), is a highly contagious, systemic viral disease that affects dogs worldwide. Clinical signs may include fever, lethargy, loss of appetite, respiratory symptoms (such as nasal discharge and pneumonia), gastrointestinal issues (like diarrhea), and, in some cases, delayed neurologic symptoms (muscle twitching or seizures). CDV is shed in respiratory secretions for up to 90 days after infection. Canine Influenza Virus (CIV) is primarily transmitted through aerosolized virus particles, contaminated objects (e.g., water bowls), or fomites. The incubation period ranges from 1–5 days, with dogs being most contagious 2–4 days after infection, often before symptoms appear. Around 20% of infected dogs remain asymptomatic but can still shed the virus.

Early detection of these viral infections is crucial for effective treatment and improving the chances of survival for affected dogs. Real-time reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) is considered the gold standard for diagnosing and monitoring viral infections due to its high specificity, sensitivity, and rapid results. The **Hi-PCR[®] Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR kit** is an *in vitro* multiplex probe PCR assay designed for the qualitative detection of CPV, CDV, and CIV infections in dogs. The kit offers high sensitivity and specificity in a two-tube format, tailored to the sample types needed for accurate detection of these pathogens.

NOTE: Hi-PCR[®] Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR kit is for *in-vitro* use only.

Intended Use: Hi-PCR[®] Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR kit is designed for sensitive and specific detection of the Canine parvovirus, Canine Distemper virus and Canine Influenza virus in a two-tube assay format. The kit is intended for use by qualified clinical laboratory personnel trained in the techniques of real-time PCR procedures.

Principle

Hi-PCR[®] Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR kit, a multiplex Probe PCR Kit, is based on the principle of real-time PCR. The technique is designed to amplify targeted nucleic acid sequences using hydrolysis probes that are short oligonucleotides with a fluorescent reporter dye attached to the 5' end and a quencher dye to the 3' end. Hi-PCR[®] Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR kit allows simultaneous detection of CPV, CDV and CIV in a two-tube assay format. The assay includes primers and probes specific for CPV, CDV and CIV, with probes labeled with FAM, FAM, and CY5 fluorophores, respectively. Additionally, the kit incorporates an exogenous internal control (IC) amplification system (probe labelled with fluorophore JOE) to ensure efficient PCR amplification.

Controls

Positive Control

A Positive control (PC) is a control reaction which contain the target DNA sequence that the PCR is designed to amplify. It is usually used to ensure proper and intended functioning of all the PCR reagents and is recommended to be used in every run to assess optimal assay performance.

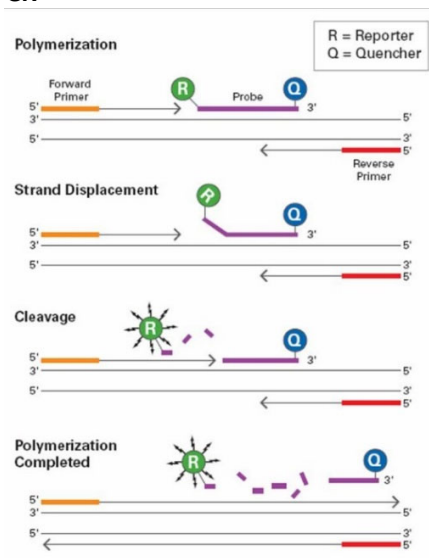
Negative Control

A Negative Control (NC) is essential to verify that the reagents, equipment, and environment used in the assay are free from contamination with target nucleic acid. In this control reaction, nuclease-free water is used as the template. It is recommended to include at least one negative control reaction per run to ensure the reliability of the results.

Internal Control

This is a control sequence which is amplified in the same reaction tube along with the target sequence but detected with a different primer-probe set. An internal control is often used to detect the failure of amplification in cases where the target sequence is not amplified, identify potential PCR inhibition, and ensuring the integrity of the reagents used in the assay.

Diagrammatic representation of preferential binding of probe specific to DNA fragments in Real-time PCR



Polymerization: A fluorescent reporter (R) dye and a quencher (Q) are attached to the 5' and 3' end of the probe respectively

Strand displacement: When the probe is intact, the report dye emission is quenched.

Cleavage: During each extension cycle, the DNA polymerase cleaves the reporter dye from the probe

Polymerization completed: Once separated from the quencher, the reporter dye emits its characteristic fluorescence

While the probe is intact, the proximity of the quencher dye greatly reduces the fluorescence emitted by the reporter dye by fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET). The probes are designed such that they anneal within a DNA region amplified by a specific set of primers. During PCR amplification, these probes will hybridize to the target sequences located in the amplicon i.e. the DNA. As the *Taq* DNA polymerase replicates the template with the bound probe, the 5'-nuclease activity of the polymerase enzyme cleaves the fluorescent probe. The end result in cleavage of the probe is separation of the reporter dye from the quencher dye and increasing the reporter dye signal. As the probe is removed from the target strand, primer extension continues to the end of the template strand. Hence, fluorescence detected in the quantitative PCR thermal cycle is directly proportional to the fluorophore released and the amount of DNA template present in the PCR. Thus, inclusion of the probe does not inhibit the overall PCR process.

Features

- Simultaneous detection of Canine Parvovirus, Canine Distemper virus and Canine Influenza virus in a two-tube assay format.
- Fast and reliable results within 100 minutes.
- One-step assay i.e. reverse transcription and amplification are performed in same tube.
- Includes all necessary reagents and controls to ensure test validity.
- High sensitivity and specificity for accurate detection.
- Compatible with any 4-channel, 5-channel and 6-channel qPCR cyclers.
- Wet-lab assays validated on the Bio-Rad CFX Opus 96, Applied Biosystems QuantStudio 5, Insta Q96® Plus and Insta Q96® AG Real Time PCR Systems.

Sample Type:

Tube1: DNA extracted from stool, rectal swab

Tube2: RNA extracted from nasopharyngeal Swabs, whole blood

Storage and Shelf life

The provided kit has a shelf-life of 12 months when stored between -10°C and -20°C. Repeated thawing and freezing of PCR reagents should be avoided, not more than 5 freeze-thaw cycles, as this may reduce the sensitivity. If the reagents are to be used multiple times, we recommend storing reagents as aliquots to avoid repeated freeze and thaw. Exposure to light, heat or humidity may also affect the shelf life of certain kit components and should be avoided. Degradation of specimen/ extracted RNA can also hamper the sensitivity of the assay. HiMedia Laboratories does not recommend using the kit after the expiry date stated on pack.

Specimen Handling

When handling specimens for canine viral pathogen testing, it is essential to follow appropriate procedures to prevent contamination and ensure safe handling. After use, all contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before disposal. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens and items contaminated with other body fluids. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Kit Contents: The provided PCR kit contains:

Sr. No.	Components	Product code	Reagents provided for (reactions)* (µL)		
			25R	50R	100R
1.	Canine RT Buffer mix	DS2077	270	540	1060
2.	Canine 10X solution	DS2078	135	270	530
3.	Canine Enzyme mix	DS2079	81	162	318
4.	Parvo Primer Probe mix	DS2080	54	108	212
5.	Parvo Positive Control mix	DS2081	76	151	297
6.	Distemp_FLU Primer Probe mix	DS2082	54	108	212
7.	Distemp_FLU Positive Control mix	DS2083	76	151	297
8.	Molecular Biology Grade water for PCR	ML065	151	302	594

* For a 25 µL PCR reaction

Materials needed but not providedAll materials are available through www.himedialabs.com

Product name	Product Code
Real-Time PCR Instrument and equipment	
Insta Q96 [®] AG Real time PCR System, 96 well block, 5 channels	MBLA027
Insta Q96 [®] AG 6.0 Real time PCR System, 96 well block, 6 channels	MBLA028
Insta Q96 [®] Plus Real time PCR System, 96 well block, 5 channels	LA1073
Insta Q96 [®] - 6.0 Real time PCR System, 96 well block, 6 channels	LA1074
Insta Q96 [®] Real time PCR System, 96 well block, 5 channels	LA1012
Insta Q48 [®] M4 Real time PCR System, 96 well block, 4 channels	LA1023
TabSpin [™] Microcentrifuge	LA1089/LA1090
Automated nucleic acid extraction system and materials	
Insta NX [®] Instrument - fully automated nucleic acid purification system utilizing the Innovative Super -S membrane column method	LA1056
Insta NX [®] Mag16, Insta NX [®] Mag16 ^{Plus}	LA1118, MBLA018
Insta NX [®] Mag32, Insta NX [®] Mag32 ^{Plus}	LA1096, MBLA019
Insta NX [®] Mag96	LA1097
Extraction Kits	
HiPurA [®] Pre-filled Plates for Viral Nucleic Acid Purification	MB582MPF16
HiPurA [®] Pre-filled Cartridges for Viral Nucleic Acid Purification	MB582PC16
HiPurA [®] Pre-filled Clinical Multi-purpose Magnetic Nucleic Acid Purification kit (Cartridges)	MB583PC16200
HiPurA [®] Pre-filled Clinical Multi-purpose Magnetic Nucleic Acid Purification kit (Plates)	MB583MPF16200
HiPurA [®] DNA/ RNA Purification Kit	MB583
HiPurA [®] Stool DNA Purification Kit	MB544
Tubes, plates and other consumables	
Varivol II Micropipettes (Capacity: 0.5 to 10 µL/10 to 100 µL/200 to 1000 µL)	LA611/LA614/LA615
µPet Autoclavable Micropipettes (Capacity: 0.5 - 10 µL/10 - 100 µL/20 - 200 µL/100 - 1000 µL)	LA955/LA958/LA959/LA960
Q4Pet Autoclavable Micropipette (Capacity: 0.5 to 10 µL/10 to 100 µL/100 - 1000 µL)	MBLA009/MBLA011/MBLA008
Barrier Tips, Maximum capacity 10 µL	LA749A
Barrier Tips, Maximum capacity 200 µL	LA751A
Barrier Tips, Maximum capacity 1000 µL	LA859A
8-strip tubes & optically clear flat caps for PCR	PR17, PR22, PR23
PCR Tubes, 0.1mL, 0.2 mL; PCR Plates	PW1255/PR2/PR3/PR19
Optical Sealing film	PR18

Kit compatibility with Real-Time PCR Systems

Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR kit contains fluorophores that are compatible to the following PCR systems:

Real-Time PCR system	Company	Dye 1	Dye 2	Dye 3
Insta Q96®AG/ Insta Q96®AG 6.0/Insta Q96® - 6.0/Insta Q96® Plus/ Insta Q48® M4	HiMedia Laboratories Pvt. Ltd.	FAM	JOE	Cy5
BioRad CFX Opus 96/CFX96 Touch/ CFX384 Touch	Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc.	FAM	JOE/HEX	Cy5
QuantStudio™ 5 / Quant Studio™ 6 and 7 Flex Real-Time PCR Systems / QuantStudio™ Dx	Applied Biosystems	FAM	JOE/HEX/VIC	Cy5
ABI® Prism SDS 7500	Applied Biosystems	FAM	JOE/HEX/VIC	Cy5
QIAquant 96 & 384 5plex	QIAGEN	FAM	JOE/HEX	Cy5
Rotor-Gene®6000 & Q	QIAGEN	Green	Yellow	Red
LightCycler® 96	Roche	FAM	JOE/HEX/VIC	Cy5
LightCycler® 480	Roche	FAM	JOE/HEX/VIC	Cy5
qTOWER ³	Analytik Jena	FAM	JOE/HEX/VIC	Cy5

Note: Ensure that the Real-Time PCR system is calibrated for dyes mentioned above and maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.

Warning and Precautions

Not for Medicinal Use. Read the procedure carefully before beginning the protocol. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Follow good clinical laboratory practices while handling clinical samples. Standard precautions should be followed as per established guidelines. Safety guidelines may be referred in safety data sheets of the product.

General Preparation Instructions

- Before use all PCR components should be completely thawed on ice (4°C).
- Perform the amplification reactions in a clean area, preferably in a biosafety cabinet.
- Use of aerosol barrier pipette tips is recommended to reduce contamination risks from extraneous nucleic acid templates.
- Extract and store positive control sample (if used) separately from all other reagents to avoid contamination and add it to the reaction mix in a separate area.

Protocol for PCR Reaction Mix Preparation

1. In the "Master mix Preparation" area, thaw all components from the kit on ice, mix by inverting the tubes and centrifuge the reagents for 5 seconds. Keep on ice for later use.
2. Based on the total number of specimens (including PC and NC) to be tested (N), calculate the volume of the components to be added as **N X volume of "1R"**
3. Use 1.5 mL Nuclease free centrifuge tube(s) for the preparation of the PCR reaction mix. Refer the following table. After all the reagents are added, mix them thoroughly and centrifuge for 5 seconds.

Components	Product code	Volume for "1R" (one reaction)	
		Tube 1	Tube 2
Preparation of PCR Reaction Mix			
Canine RT Buffer mix	DS2077	5.0 µL	5.0 µL
Canine 10X solution	DS2078	2.5 µL	2.5 µL
Canine Enzyme mix	DS2079	1.5 µL	1.5 µL
Parvo primer probe mix	DS2080	2.0 µL	----
Distemp_FLU primer probe mix	DS2082	----	2.0 µL
Total PCR Reaction Mix	-	11 µL	11 µL
Template addition			
Template (Extracted nucleic acid)	-	14 µL	14 µL
Total reaction volume	-	25 µL	25 µL

4. Aliquot 11 µL of PCR reaction mix into 0.1/0.2mL PCR tube/plate/strips, compatible to the PCR instrument to be used.
5. In the "Nucleic acid handling" area, add 14 µL of extracted nucleic acid of test specimen into the plate/strip to respective wells.
6. For positive and negative control, template nucleic acid is replaced by Positive control mix and nuclease free water respectively. Refer the following table.

Set up of Positive controls (PC) for the PCR run			
Components	Product code	Volume for "1R" (one reaction)	
		Tube 1	Tube 2
Total PCR Reaction Mix	-	11 µL	11 µL
Parvo positive control mix	DS2081	14 µL	-
Distemp_FLU positive control mix	DS2083	-	14 µL
Total reaction volume	-	25 µL	25 µL

Set up of Negative Control (NC) for the PCR run			
Components	Product code	Volume for "1R" (one reaction)	
		Tube 1	Tube 2
Total PCR Reaction Mix	-	11 µL	11 µL
Molecular Biology (MB) Grade Water for PCR	ML065	14 µL	14 µL
Total reaction volume	-	25 µL	25 µL

7. Tightly cap the tubes/strips or seal the plate using an optically clear adhesive film.
8. Centrifuge the tube briefly at 6000 rpm for about 10 seconds.
9. Place the tubes in Real-time PCR machine and set the recommended PCR program (mentioned below). Interpret the data from the amplification plot (observe the Ct values).

Recommended PCR program:

Sr. No	Step	Temperature	Time	Sampling	No. of cycles
1.	Reverse Transcription	50°C	15 minutes	---	1
2.	Initial denaturation	95°C	2 minutes	---	1
3.	Denaturation	95°C	20 seconds	---	40
4.	Annealing	50°C	30 seconds	YES	
5.	Extension	72°C	20 seconds	---	

Selection of channels:

	Target	Channels	Quencher
TUBE 1	CPV	FAM	None
	IC	JOE/HEX/VIC	None
TUBE 2	CDV	FAM	None
	CIV	Cy5	None
	IC	JOE/HEX/VIC	None

Please select 'Passive reference dye' as 'None' wherever applicable

Threshold value set up

For the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogen Probe PCR Kit, the threshold value for some popular thermal cyclers are as follows:

Sr. No.	Real-Time PCR instrument	Threshold range
1.	HiMedia Insta Q96	100-300
2.	Applied Biosystems QuantStudio 3/5	10,000-20,000
3.	Bio-Rad CFX-96	100

For **CDV target**, always use lower value from threshold range provided above. The threshold range value varies between different instruments depending upon the age, model and the calibration. Please contact our technical team for any queries.

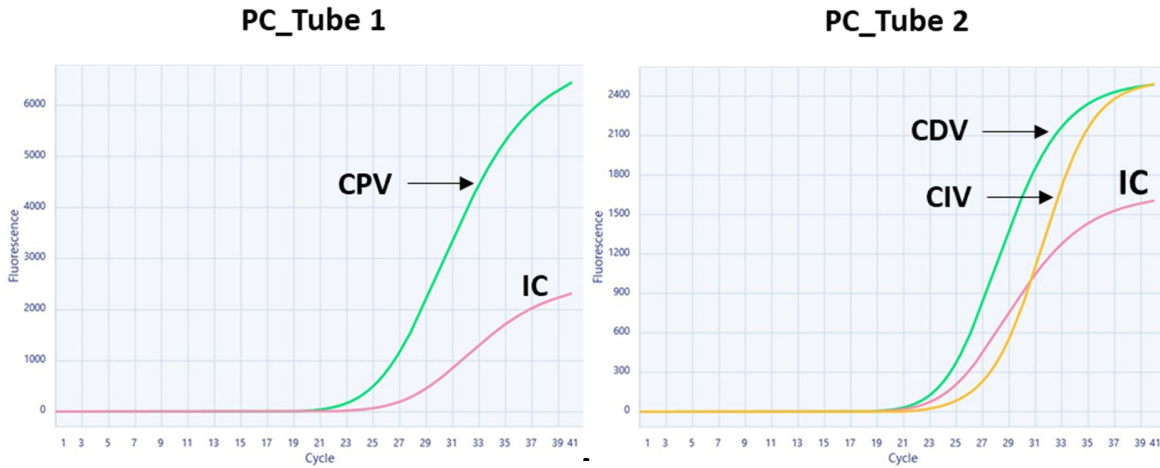
Data Analysis

The following conditions should be met for a valid diagnostic test:

Control	Detection channel				
	TUBE 1		TUBE 2		
	FAM (CPV)	JOE (IC)	FAM (CDV)	Cy5 (CIV)	JOE (IC)
Positive Control	+	+	+	+	+
Negative Control	-	+	-	-	+

Target	Ct value	Result/Interpretation
CPV	≤ 36	Detected (+)
CDV	≤ 36	Detected (+)
CIV	≤ 34	Detected (+)

Amplification plot:



Sr. No	Tube-1	Ct value	
		PC	NC
1	CPV	22.25	--
2	IC	27.40	27.1

Sr. No	Tube-2	Ct value	
		PC	NC
1	CDV	22.62	--
2	CIV	27.55	--
3	IC	25.24	24.6

Note: Image representing probe based Real-Time amplification of CPV, CDV and CIV targets (Ct values provided in table are for representation) run on InstaQ 96 AG.

Data Interpretation:

For single pathogen infection					
Detection Channel (Target)					Result Interpretation
Tube 1		Tube 2			
FAM (CPV)	JOE (IC)	FAM (CDV)	Cy5 (CIV)	JOE (IC)	
+	+/- *	-	-	+/- *	Positive for Canine parvovirus
-	+/- *	+	-	+/- *	Positive for Canine distemper virus
-	+/- *	-	+	+/- *	Positive for Influenza virus
-	+/- *	-	-	+/- *	Negative for CPV, CDV and CIV
-	-	-	-	-	Inconclusive test** Likely poor extraction or sample quality. PCR inhibition or reagent failure.

*The presence or absence of a signal in the JOE channel is not relevant for the validity of the test run due to competition between the test template and Internal Control template.

** When an inconclusive result is obtained, repeat PCR or re-test the extracted RNA or re-extract the specimen and test with PCR.

Note: All negative findings must be correlated with clinical observations. Negative results do not exclude infections because of other variants of these viruses.

Performance Evaluation

Analytical Sensitivity - Limit of Detection (LoD)

The Limit of Detection (LoD) is defined as the concentration (copies per µl of the eluate) of target molecule that can be detected at 95% or greater probability according to CLSI EP17-A2. The LoD assay of the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit was performed using 20 replicates each on Applied Biosystems QuantStudio 5, Biorad CFX Opus 96, Insta Q96® AG and Insta Q96® Plus Real Time PCR Systems using Quantitative Genomic RNA for Influenza A (ATCC: 1736DQ) and synthetic nucleic acid for CPV and CDV targets. The detectable limit of the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit was determined to be **5 copies/µL for CPV, 1 copy /µL for CIV and 25 copies/µL for CDV.**

Analytical Specificity

Inclusivity

The ability of the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit to detect a wide range of related target organisms has been assessed in the inclusivity parameter by two ways (i) *in silico* analysis of the oligonucleotides (primers and probes) and (ii) wet lab testing using nucleic acids of related target organisms. The oligonucleotide sequences of all the targets were checked by sequence comparison against all the relevant sequences of CPV, CDV and Influenza A available in the GenBank database.

Exclusivity / Cross-Reactivity Analysis

The ability of the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit to distinguish the target organisms from similar but genetically distinct non-target organisms has been assessed by (i) *in silico* analysis of the oligonucleotides (primers and probes) and (ii) wet lab testing using nucleic acids of non-related target organisms.

Wet lab testing of the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit for potential cross-reactivity was performed using DNA/RNA from 17 pathogens listed below on InstaQ 96 system. None of the pathogens listed in the table below exhibited any reactivity with the primers and probes of the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit.

<i>Corynebacterium diphtheriae</i> strain NCTC 13129 (ATCC: 700971D-5)	Quantitative Genomic DNA from Bordetella pertussis (ATCC: 9797DQ)
Quantitative Genomic RNA from Human rhinovirus 16 strain 11757 (ATCC: 283DQ)	Quantitative Genomic RNA from Enterovirus 68 strain Fermon (ATCC: 1826DQ)
Quantitative Genomic DNA from Haemophilus influenzae (ATCC: 51907DQ)	Human parainfluenza virus 1 strain C35 (ATCC: VR-94DQ)
Human coronavirus 229E (ATCC: VR-740DQ)	Quantitative Genomic RNA from Human parainfluenza virus 2 strain Greer (ATCC: VR-92DQ)

Betacoronavirus 1 strain OC43 (ATCC: 1558DQ)	Quantitative Genomic RNA from Human parainfluenzavirus 3 strain C 243 (ATCC: VR-93DQ)
Influenza B virus (ATCC: VR-1804DQ)	Quantitative Genomic RNA from Human respiratory syncytial virus strain 18537 (ATCC: 1580DQ)
Human herpesvirus 2 (ATCC: 540DQ)	Quantitative Genomic DNA from Human adenovirus 1 strain Adenoid 71 (ATCC: 1DQ)
Quantitative Genomic DNA from Chlamydomphila pneumoniae strain CM-1 (ATCC: 1360DQ)	Quantitative genomic DNA from Candida albicans strain SC5314 (ATCC: 2876DQ)
Quantitative Genomic DNA from Neisseria meningitidis strain FAM18 (ATCC: 700532DQ)	

Evaluation

Each lot of Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

Quality Control

Each lot of Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit has been functionally tested in amplification assay.

General Precautions

Strict compliance with the Instructions for Use is required for optimal results and the use of the kit is limited to staff qualified clinical laboratory personnel trained in the techniques of real-time PCR and in vitro diagnostic procedures.

Appropriate specimen collection, transport, storage and processing procedures are required for the optimal performance of this test.

This assay must not be performed on the specimen directly. RNA extraction should be performed using appropriate nucleic acid extraction method.

Presence of PCR inhibitors and other interferences may lead to false negative or invalid results.

Limitations

Although rare, mutations within the highly conserved regions of the targets genes covered by the kit's primers and/or probe may result in failure to detect the presence of pathogen.

As with any diagnostic test, results of the Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit need to be interpreted in consideration of all clinical and laboratory findings.

Troubleshooting Guide

Sr. No.	Problem	Cause	Solution
1.	No amplification	Degraded samples	Check the integrity of nucleic acid using agarose gel electrophoresis.
			Use freshly prepared RNA to ensure the availability of intact template sequence for efficient amplification.

		Error in protocol setup	Check whether all components are added in correct volume as per the manual.
		Inappropriate storage conditions	Store the reagents at recommended temperature for its optimal performance. Check expiry of the reagents and use new lot of reagents if necessary.
		Incorrect PCR programming	Ensure selection of appropriate fluorescence channel as detailed in the manual. Compare the PCR program to the manual.
2.	Variability between replicates	Error in reaction set-up	Prepare a large volume master mix, vortex thoroughly and aliquot into reaction tubes.
		Air bubbles in reaction mix	Briefly centrifuge reaction samples/plate prior to running on a Real-Time PCR instrument.
		Pipetting error	C _t values of replicates can show increased variation due to poor laboratory technique or imprecise pipettes. Use calibrated pipettes. Repeat the run.
3.	Amplification of pathogen targets in Negative control	Cross contamination during handling	Replace all critical solutions. Repeat the analysis of all tests with fresh aliquots of critical reagents. Follow good laboratory practices to avoid contamination issues.

Safety Information

Hi-PCR® Canine Viral Pathogens Probe PCR Kit is for laboratory use only, not for drug, household or other uses. Take appropriate laboratory safety measures and wear gloves when handling.









Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory.

Technical Assistance

At HiMedia, we pride ourselves on the quality and availability of our technical support. For any kind of technical assistance, mail at mb@himedialabs.com

Symbols

	Manufacturer		Do not use if package is damaged
	Batch code		Temperature limit
	Date of manufacture (YYYY-MM)		Consult instructions for use
	Use-by date (YYYY-MM)		Catalogue number

Identification No.: PIMBPCR248

Rev.No.:00

Date of Issue: 2025-04

Disclaimer :

User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use. Products conform solely to the information contained in this and other related HiMedia™ publications. The information contained in this publication is based on our research and development work and is to the best of our knowledge true and accurate. HiMedia™ Laboratories Pvt Ltd reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time. Products are not intended for human or animal or therapeutic use but for laboratory, diagnostic, research or further manufacturing use only, unless otherwise specified. Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.

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