

# **Technical Data**

## Moeller Decarboxylase Broth w/ Arginine HCl

M689

#### **Intended Use:**

Recommended for differentiation of bacteria on the basis of their ability to decarboxylate L-Arginine hydrochloride.

## Composition\*\*

Ingredients	g/L
Peptone	5.000
HM peptone B #	5.000
Dextrose (Glucose)	0.500
Bromocresol purple	0.010
Cresol red	0.005
Pyridoxal	0.005
L-Arginine hydrochloride	10.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	$6.0\pm0.2$

<sup>\*\*</sup>Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

#### **Directions**

Suspend 20.52 grams in 1000 ml purified/distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. Dispense 5 ml amounts into screw-capped tubes. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 10 minutes. Cool the tubed medium in an upright position. Inoculate the tubes and overlay with 2-3 ml of sterile mineral oil.

## **Principle And Interpretation**

Moeller Decarboxylase Broth with Arginine hydrochloride is used for differentiating gram-negative enteric bacilli on the basis of their ability to decarboxylate L-Arginine hydrochloride. Decarboxylase Broth was introduced by Moeller for detecting the production of lysine and ornithine decarboxylase and arginine dihydrolase (1). Prior to Moellers work, bacterial amino acid decarboxylases were studied by Gale (2) and Gale and Epps (3). Decarboxylase media are also recommended by standard methods for identification of bacteria (4,5,6,7).

This medium contains HM peptone B and peptone which provide nitrogenous nutrients for the growth of bacteria. Dextrose is the fermentable carbohydrate and pyridoxal is the co-factor for the decarboxylase enzyme. Bromo cresol purple and cresol red are the pH indicators in this medium. When the medium is inoculated with dextrose fermenting bacteria, the pH is lowered due to acid production which changes the colour of the indicator from purple to yellow.

Acid produced stimulates decarboxylase enzyme. Arginine is first hydrolyzed to ornithine which is then decarboxylated to form putrescine. Formation of the amine putrescine increases the pH of the medium, changing the colour of the indicator from yellow to purple. If the organisms do not produce the appropriate enzyme, the medium remains acidic, yellow in colour. Each isolate to be tested should also be inoculated into the basal medium tube lacking the amino acid. After incubation, a decarboxylase test may show two layers of different colours, yellow and purple. Shake the tube gently before interpreting the results (8).

Inoculated tubes must be protected from air with a layer of sterile mineral oil. Exposure to air may cause alkalinization at the surface of the medium which makes the test invalid.

#### Type of specimen

Isolated Microorganism from clinical and non-clinical samples.

#### **Specimen Collection and Handling:**

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (6,9). After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

#### **Warning and Precautions:**

In Vitro diagnostic use. For professional use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

<sup>#</sup> Equivalent to Beef extract

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#### **Limitations:**

1. Inoculated tubes must be protected from air with a layer of sterile mineral oil. Exposure to air may cause alkalinization at the surface of the medium which makes the test invalid.

#### **Performance and Evaluation**

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

## **Quality Control**

#### **Appearance**

Light yellow to greenish yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

## Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Purple coloured clear solution without any precipitate

#### Reaction

Reaction of 2.05% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH: 6.0±0.2

pН

5.80-6.20

## **Cultural Response**

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for upto 4 days (Inoculated tubes are overlaid with sterile mineral oil).

Organism	Arginine decarboxylation	
Citrobacter freundii ATCC 8090	variable reaction	
‡ Klebsiella aerogenes ATCC 13048 (00175*)	negative reaction, yellow colour	
Sscherichia coli ATCC 5922 (00013*)	variable reaction	
Clebsiella pneumoniae ATCC 13883 (00097*)	negative reaction, yellow colour	
roteus mirabilis ATCC 5933	negative reaction, yellow colour	
Proteus hauseri ATCC 13315	negative reaction, yellow colour	
Pseudomonas araeruginosa ATCC 027 (00026*)	positive reaction, purple colour	
<i>Calmonella</i> Paratyphi A ATCC 9150	delayed positive reaction/positive reaction, purple colour	
Salmonella Typhi ATCC 5339	delayed positive reaction /negative reaction, yellow colour	
Serratia marcescens ATCC	negative reaction, yellow colour	
higella dysenteriae ATCC 3313	delayed positive reaction/negative reaction, yellow colour	
Shigella flexneri ATCC 2022 (00126*)	delayed positive reaction/negative reaction, yellow colour	

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Shigella sonnei ATCC 25931

variable reaction

Key: \*Corresponding WDCM numbers.

\$ Formerly known as Proteus vulgaris ^ Formerly known as Pseudomonas aeruginosa

### Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 15-30°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition. Seal the container tightly after use. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

## **Disposal**

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (6,9).

#### Reference

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In vitro diagnostic medical device





Storage temperature



Do not use if package is damaged

#### Disclaimer:

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