



## Decarboxylase Agar Base

M501

### Intended Use:

Recommended for differentiation of bacteria on the basis of their ability to decarboxylate the amino acid added to the medium.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	g / L
Peptone	5.000
Yeast extract	3.000
Dextrose (Glucose)	1.000
Bromocresol purple	0.020
Agar	15.000
Final pH ( at 25°C)	6.5±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Suspend 24.02 grams in 1000 ml purified / distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Add 5 grams of desired L-Amino acid (L-Lysine, L-Arginine, L-Ornithine) in hydrochloride form per litre of the medium. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C. Dispense into sterile test tubes and cool in a slanted position. When L-Ornithine hydrochloride is used, readjustment of pH is necessary.

### Principle And Interpretation

Decarboxylase Agar Base is formulated as described by Moeller (1) to differentiate bacteria on the basis of their ability to decarboxylate the amino acids. The medium is useful for the identification of the *Enterobacteriaceae* and other gram-negative bacilli (2,3). Production of ornithine decarboxylase is especially useful for differentiating *Enterobacter* and *Klebsiella* species as the former produces this enzyme and are motile while latter are nonmotile and do not synthesize this enzyme.

Peptone and yeast extract supply nitrogenous nutrients for the bacterial growth. Dextrose is the fermentable carbohydrate. Bromo cresol purple is the pH indicator which changes colour from purple to yellow in acidic condition. Decarboxylase activity is stimulated by acidic pH and hence the amino acids are decarboxylated or degraded to form corresponding amine. Production of these amines increases the pH of the medium changing the colour of the indicator and in turn the medium from yellow to purple violet.

Each isolate must be inoculated into a tube of the basal medium without amino acid. If this tube becomes alkaline then the test is invalid. Exposure of the medium to air may cause alkalinization so the inoculated tubes if covered with a layer of sterile mineral oil will give best results (4).

### Type of specimen

Clinical samples - Faecal isolate and other clinical isolates.

### Specimen Collection and Handling:

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (5,6).

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

### Warning and Precautions :

In Vitro diagnostic Use only. For professional use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

### Limitations :

1. Other biochemical and serological tests must be carried out in conjunction for further identification.

2. Exposure of the medium to air may cause alkalization so the inoculated tubes if covered with a layer of sterile mineral oil will give best results (4).

## Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

## Quality Control

### Appearance

Light yellow to greenish yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Purple coloured, clear gel forms in tubes as slants

### Reaction

Reaction of 2.4% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 6.5±0.2

### pH

6.30-6.70

### Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for upto 4 days with addition of appropriate amino acids and overlaying with sterile mineral oil.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Arginine decarboxylation	Ornithine decarboxylation	Lysine decarboxylation
<i>Citrobacter freundii</i> ATCC 8090	50-100	variable reaction	variable reaction	negative reaction, yellow colour
# <i>Klebsiella aerogenes</i> ATCC 13048 (00175*)	50-100	negative reaction, yellow colour	positive reaction, purple colour	positive reaction, purple colour
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922 (00013*)	50-100	variable reaction	variable reaction	positive reaction, purple colour
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> ATCC 13883 (00097*)	50-100	negative reaction, yellow colour	negative reaction, yellow colour	positive reaction, purple colour
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> ATCC 25933	50-100	negative reaction, yellow colour	positive reaction, purple colour	negative reaction, yellow colour
## <i>Proteus hauseri</i> ATCC 13315	50-100	negative reaction, yellow colour	negative reaction, yellow colour	negative reaction, yellow colour
<i>Salmonella</i> Paratyphi A ATCC 9150	50-100	delayed positive reaction / positive reaction, purple colour	positive reaction, purple colour	negative reaction, yellow colour
<i>Salmonella</i> Typhi ATCC 6539	50-100	delayed positive reaction / negative reaction	negative reaction, yellow colour	positive reaction, purple colour
<i>Serratia marcescens</i> ATCC 8100	50-100	negative reaction, yellow colour	positive reaction, purple colour	positive reaction, purple colour

<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i> ATCC 13313	50-100	negative reaction/ delayed positive reaction	negative reaction, yellow colour	negative reaction, yellow colour
<i>Shigella flexneri</i> ATCC 12022 (00126*)	50-100	negative reaction/ delayed	negative reaction, yellow colour	negative reaction, yellow colour
<i>Shigella sonnei</i> ATCC 25931	50-100	variable reaction	positive reaction, purple colour	negative reaction, yellow colour
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853 (00025*)	50-100	positive reaction, purple colour	negative reaction, yellow colour	negative reaction, yellow colour

Key : (\*) Corresponding WDCM numbers.

(#) Formerly known as *Enterobacter aerogenes*    ## Formerly known as *Proteus vulgaris*

## Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 20-30°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition. Seal the container tightly after use. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

## Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (5,6).

## Reference

1. Moeller, 1955, Acta. Pathol. Microbiol. Scand., 36:158.
2. Kelly, Brenner and Farmer, 1985, In Manual of Clinical Microbiology, Lennette, Balows, Hausler and Shadomy (Eds.), 4th ed., ASM, Washington, D.C.
3. MacFaddin J., 1985, Media for Isolation-Cultivation-Identification-Maintenance of Medical Bacteria, Vol. 1, Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore.
4. MacFaddin J., 1980, Biochemical Tests for Identification of Medical Bacteria, 2nd ed., Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore.
5. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition.
6. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

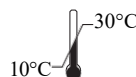
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