

Technical Data

Antibiotic Assay Medium No. 13 (Nystatin Assay Broth)

M254

Intended Use:

Recommended for microbiological assay of Candicidin using Saccharomyces cerevisiae ATCC 9763.

Composition**

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Peptone	10.000
Dextrose (Glucose)	20.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	5.6±0.2
**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters	

Directions

Suspend 30 grams in 1000 ml purified / distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. Cool and dispense into tubes or flasks as desired. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.

Principle And Interpretation

This medium is formulated in accordance to CFR (5) and is numerically identical with the name assigned by Groove and Randall (1). Schmidt & Moyer has reported the use of antibiotic assay medium for liquid formulation in performance of antibiotic assay (4). This medium is widely used in turbidometric assay of antifungals like candicidin using test organism like *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. The is medium is also termed Sabouraud Liquid Broth Modified or Fluid Sabouraud Medium.

This medium facilitates enhanced growth of test organism *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* employed in assay of candicidin, a polyene antibiotic with antifungal activity. Assay is performed by enumerating the blastospores or by analysing the turbidity of the medium. Dextrose serves as carbon source and Peptone provides essential nutrients and growth

promoting factors. Optimal pH for growth of Saccharomyces cerevisiae is maintained in this medium.

Turbidimetric antibiotic assay is based on the change or inhibition of growth of a test microorganims in a liquid medium containing a uniform concentration of an antibiotic.

Type of specimen

Pharmaceutical samples.

Specimen Collection and Handling

After incubation of the test organism in the working dilutions of the antibiotics, the amount of growth is determined by measuring the light transmittance using spectophotometer. The concentration of antibiotic is determined by comparing amounts of growth obtained with that given by the reference standard solutions. Use of this method is appropriate only when test samples are clear.

Warning and Precautions

Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Limitations

1. Freshly prepared plates must be used or it may give erroneous results.

Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

Quality Control

Appearance

Cream to yellowhomogeneous free flowing powder

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light amber coloured clear solution without any precipitate

Reaction

Reaction of 3.0% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 5.6±0.2

pН

5.40-5.80

Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 25-30°C for 18-48 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Serial dilution with
Saccharomyces cerevisiae ATCC 9763 (00058*)	50-100	luxuriant	Candicidin

Key: (*) Corresponding WDCM numbers.

Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and use freshly prepared medium. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (2,3).

Reference

1. Grove and Randall, 1955, Assay Methods of Antibiotics, Medical Encyclopedia, Inc. New York

2. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition.

3. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

4. Schmidt and Moyer, 1944. J.Bact., 47:199.

5. Tests and Methods of Assay of Antibiotics and Antibiotic containing Drugs, FDA, CFR, 1983 Title 21, Part436, Subpart D, Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, paragraphs 436, 100-436, 106, p. 242-259, (April 1).

Revision : 02 / 2019

Disclaimer :

User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use. Products conform solely to the information contained in this and other related HiMedia[™] publications. The information contained in this publication is based on our research and development work and is to the best of our knowledge true and accurate. HiMedia[™] Laboratories Pvt Ltd reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time. Products are not intended for human or animal or therapeutic use but for laboratory, diagnostic, research or further manufacturing use only, unless otherwise specified. Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.

HiMedia Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. Reg.office : 23, Vadhani Ind.Est., LBS Marg, Mumbai-400086, India. Customer care No.: 022-6116 9797 Corporate office : A-516,Swastik Disha Business Park,Via Vadhani Ind. Est., LBS Marg, Mumbai-400086, India. Customer care No.: 022-6147 1919 Email: techhelp@himedialabs.com Website: www.himedialabs.com