

Technical Data

SSDC agar M1703

Intended Use:

Recommended for the selective isolation and differentiation of pathogenic *Yersinia enterocolitica* from clinical and food samples. The composition and performance criteria of this media is as per the specification laid down in ISO 10273:2017.

Composition**:

ISO 10273 Specification Agar: Sala agar with sodium desoxycholate and (SSDC)	S	M1703: SSDC agar		
Ingredients	g/L	Ingredients	g/L	
Enzymatic digest of animal tissues	5.000	Peptone#	5.000	
Meat extract	5.000	HM extract##	5.000	
Yeast extract	5.000	Yeast extract	5.000	
Lactose	10.000	Lactose	10.000	
Bile salt	8.500	Bile salt	8.500	
Sodium deoxycholate	10.000	Sodium deoxycholate	10.000	
Calcium chloride	1.000	Calcium chloride	1.000	
Sodium citrate	10.000	Sodium citrate	10.000	
Sodium thiosulphate, pentahydrate	8.500	Sodium thiosulphate, pentahydrate	8.500	
Iron (III) citrate	1.000	Iron (III) citrate	1.000	
Brilliant green	0.0003	Brilliant green	0.0003	
Neutral red	0.025	Neutral red	0.025	
Agar	9.000-18.000	Agar	15.000	
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.4±0.2	Final pH (at 25°C)	7.4 ± 0.2	

^{**}Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

Key: # - Equivalent to Enzymatic digest of animal tissues: ## - Equivalent to Meat extract

Directions

Suspend 75.94 gram (the equivalent weight of dehydrated medium per litre) in 1000 ml purified/distilled water. Heat to boiling by swirling regularly to dissolve the medium completely. **DO NOT AUTOCLAVE OR DO NOT OVERHEAT**. Cool to 45-50°C in water bath. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates. To avoid precipitation of bile salts, do not exceed the cooling phase for more than one hour.

Principle And Interpretation

SSDC Agar is suggested for detection of presumptive pathogenic Yersinia enterocolitica in accordance with ISO Commiteee under specifications 10273 :2017(1). Peptone, yeast extract provide carbon, nitrogen sources, long chain amino acids, vitamins and other essential growth nutrients. Lactose is the fermentable carbohydrate. Lactose positive organisms appear red due to lactose fermentation and neutral red indicator. Brilliant green, bile salts and thiosulphate selectively inhibit gram positive and coliform organisms. Certain species of enteric organisms reduce sodium thiosulphate to sulphite and H₂S gas. *Yersinia enterocolitica* colonies appear as colourless colonies.

Pathogenic *Y.enterocolitica* strains, in particular those of serogroup 0:3 are known to tolerate high concentration of bile salts and deoxycholate. Due to the high content of bile salts along with the high sodium citrate concentration and the brilliant green content other accompanying microbial flora gets almost completely or completely inhibited.

Type of specimen

Clinical samples - faeces; Food samples

Specimen Collection and Handling

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (2,3).

For food samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection and processing as per guidelines (1).

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

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Warning and Precautions

In Vitro diagnostic Use. For professional use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Limitations

- 1. Individual organisms differ in their growth requirement and may show variable growth patterns on the medium.
- 2.Each lot of the medium has been tested for the organisms specified on the COA. It is recommended to users to validate the medium for any specific microorganism other than mentioned in the COA based on the user's unique requirement.

Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

Quality Control

Appearance

Light yellow to pink homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm comparable with 1.5% Agar gel.

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Orange red coloured, clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates.

Reaction

Reaction of 7.59% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH: 7.4±0.2

pН

7.20-7.60

Cultural Response

Productivity : Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at $30\pm1^{\circ}$ C for 21 ± 3 hours. **Selectivity :** Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at $30\pm1^{\circ}$ C for 21 ± 3 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Characteristic reaction
Productivity			
Yersinia enterocolitica ATCC 9610 (00038)*	103-104	good-luxuriant	colourless round colonies, approximately 1mm diameter. A finely granulated centre can be seen under 10X magnification
Yersinia enterocolitica ATCC 23715 (00160)*	103-104	good-luxuriant	colourless round colonies, approximately 1mm diameter. A finely granulated centre can be seen under 10X magnification
Selectivity			
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 (00013*)	>=104	inhibited	
Escherichia coli ATCC 8739 (00012*)	>=104	inhibited	
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus ATCC 6538 (00032*)	>=104	inhibited	
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus ATCC 25923 (00034*)	>=104	inhibited	

Key: (*) Corresponding WDCM numbers.

Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition. Seal the container tightly after use. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

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Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (2,3).

Reference

- 1. Microbiology of the food chain Horizontal method for the detection of pathogenic *Yersinia enterocolitica*, ISO 10273: 2017
- 2. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition.
- 3. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

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In vitro diagnostic medical device





Storage temperature



Do not use if package is damaged

Disclaimer:

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