

Bismuth Sulphite Agar, Granulated[®]

GM027

Intended Use:

Recommended for selective isolation of *Salmonella* from faeces, urine, sewage and other materials. The composition and performance criteria of this medium are as per specifications laid down in ISO 6579-1:2017.

Composition**

ISO 6579-1 Specification

Ingredients	g/ L
Enzymatic digest of animal tissues	10.000
Meat extract	5.000
Dextrose	5.000
Disodium hydrogen phosphate, anhydrous	4.000
Ferrous sulphate, anhydrous	0.300
Bismuth sulphite indicator	8.000
Brilliant green	0.025
Agar	20.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.7±0.2

Bismuth Sulphite Agar , Granulated[®]

Ingredients	g/ L
Peptone #	10.000
HM extract ##	5.000
Dextrose (Glucose)	5.000
Disodium hydrogen phosphate, anhydrous	4.000
Ferrous sulphate, anhydrous	0.300
Bismuth sulphite indicator	8.000
Brilliant green	0.025
Agar	20.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.7±0.2

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

- Equivalent to Enzymatic digest of animal tissues ##-Equivalent to Meat extract

Directions

Suspend 52.33 grams in 1000 ml purified/distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. **DO NOT STERILIZE IN AUTOCLAVE** or by fractional sterilization since overheating may destroy the selectivity of the medium. The sensitivity of the medium depends largely upon uniform dispersion of precipitated bismuth sulphite in the final gel, which should be dispersed before pouring into sterile Petri plates.

Principle And Interpretation

The *Salmonellae* constitute the most taxonomically complex group of bacteria among *Enterobacteriaceae* (1). Human *Salmonella* infections are most commonly caused by ingestion of food, water or milk contaminated by human or animal excreta. Humans are the only reservoirs of *S.Typhi* (2). Of the various media employed for the isolation and preliminary identification of *Salmonellae*, particularly *Salmonella Typhi*; Bismuth Sulphite Agar is the most productive. Bismuth Sulphite Agar is a modification of original Wilson and Blair Medium (3-5). It is also recommended by various Associations (2,6-8) for the isolation and preliminary identification of *Salmonella Typhi* and other *Salmonellae* from pathological materials, sewage, water, food and other products. Bismuth Sulphite Agar is recommended for selective isolation and enumeration of *Salmonella* species in accordance with ISO Committee (8). *S.Typhi*, *S.Enteritidis* and *S.Typhimurium* typically grow as black colonies with or without a surrounding metallic sheen resulting from hydrogen sulphide production and reduction of sulphite to black ferric sulphide. *Salmonella Paratyphi A* grows as light green colonies. Bismuth Sulphite Agar may be inhibitory to some strains of *Salmonella* species and therefore should not be used as the sole selective medium for these organisms. Also this medium favors use of larger inoculum as compared to other selective media, as it has unique inhibitory action towards gram-positive organisms and coliforms.

Peptone and HM extract serve as sources as carbon, nitrogen, long chain amino acids, vitamins and essential growth factors. Dextrose is the carbon source. Disodium phosphate maintains the osmotic equilibrium. Bismuth sulphite indicator along with brilliant green inhibits the intestinal gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria. Ferrous sulphate aids in detection of hydrogen sulphide production. In case of food samples, pre-enrichment of the sample is done prior to inoculation.

Type of specimen

Clinical samples- faeces,urine,Food and meat samples. milk and milk products, animal feed, animal faeces, environmental samples.

Specimen Collection and Handling

Processsing : (8)

Pre-enrichment : Samples (25 grams in 225 ml) are pre-enriched in Buffered Peptone Water (M1494I) and incubated at 34°C to 38°C for 18 h ± 2 hours.

Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.

Selective enrichment: 0.1 ml of pre- enriched sample is inoculated in 10 ml RVS Broth (M1448I) or MSR.V Agar (M1428) and incubated at $41.5 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ for 24 ± 3 hours and 1 ml of culture is inoculated in MKTT broth (M1496I) and incubated at $37 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ for 24 ± 3 hours. In-case of *Salmonella* Typhi and *Salmonella* Paratyphi A selective enrichment is carried out in Selenite Cystine broth and then incubated at $37 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ for $24 \text{ h} \pm 3 \text{ h}$ and $48 \text{ h} \pm 3 \text{ h}$.

Isolation : The culture thus obtained is then plated on Bismuth Sulphite Agar (BS) (M027) and incubated at $37 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ for 24 ± 3 hours. An additional incubation of 24 ± 3 hours is recommended. Simultaneously plating on isolation agar XLD Agar, Modified (M031I) is carried out.

Confirmation : Biochemical and serological tests are performed for confirmation.

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (7,9).

Warning and Precautions

In Vitro diagnostic use. For professional use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Limitations

1. **DO NOT AUTOCLAVE OR OVERHEAT THE MEDIUM**, as it destroys the selectivity of the medium.
2. *S.Typhi* and *S.Arizonae* exhibit typical brown colonies , with or without metallic sheen.
3. This medium is highly selective and must be used in parallel with less selective media for isolation.
4. With certain *Salmonella* species, typical black colonies with metallic sheen is observed near heavy inoculation and isolated colonies may show green colonies.
5. Individual organisms differ in their growth requirement and may show variable growth patterns on the medium.

Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

Quality Control

Appearance

Light yellow to greenish yellow granular media.

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 2.0% agar gel.

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Greenish yellow coloured, opalescent with flocculent precipitate forms in Petri plates.

Reaction

Reaction of 5.23% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C . pH : 7.7 ± 0.2 .

pH

7.50-7.90

Cultural Response

Cultural response was observed after an incubation at $37 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ for 24 ± 3 hours. The plates are further incubated for an additional 24 ± 3 hours. Recovery rate is considered as 100% for bacteria growth on Soyabean Casein Digest Agar.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of Colony
Productivity				
<i>Salmonella</i> Typhimurium ATCC 14028 (00031*)	50 -100	good	$\geq 50\%$	Brown, grey or black colonies usually with a metallic sheen after 24 hours becoming uniformly black after 48 hours.
<i>Salmonella</i> Enteritidis ATCC 13076 (00030*)	50 -100	good	$\geq 50\%$	Brown, grey or black colonies usually with a metallic sheen after 24 hours becoming uniformly black after 48 hours.
Selectivity & Specificity				
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 8739 (00012*)	$\geq 10^4$	growth or partial inhibition		Dull green or brown colonies without metallic sheen
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922 (00013*)	$\geq 10^4$	growth or partial inhibition		Dull green or brown colonies without metallic sheen

Selectivity

<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 29212 (00087*)	$\geq 10^4$	inhibited	0 %	-
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 19433 (00009*)	$\geq 10^4$	inhibited	0 %	-

Additional testing

<i>Salmonella</i> Typhi ATCC 6539	50 -100	good	≥ 50 %	Brown, grey or black colonies usually with a metallic sheen after 24 hours becoming uniformly black after 48 hours.
<i>Salmonella</i> Paratyphi A ATCC 9150	50 -100	good	≥ 50 %	Brown, grey or black colonies usually with a metallic sheen after 24 hours becoming uniformly black after 48 hours.

Key : *Corresponding WDCM numbers.

Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 20-30°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (7, 9).

Reference

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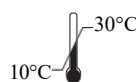
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IVD *In vitro* diagnostic
medical device



Storage temperature



AR Experts BV
Boeingavenue 209
1119 PD Schiphol-Rijk
The Netherlands



CE Marking



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package is damaged**

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