



Egg Yolk Tel Emulsion (50 ml per vial)

FD046L

Sterile stabilized tellurite emulsion of egg yolk recommended for identification of *Staphylococcus* species.

Composition

Ingredients	Concentration
Egg yolk	15ml
Sterile saline	32ml
Sterile 3.5% potassium tellurite solution	3ml

Directions:

Warm up the refrigerated Egg Yolk Tel Emulsion to 40-45°C. Shake well to attain uniform emulsion (since on refrigeration emulsion has a tendency to form layers or small lumps). Aseptically add 50 ml in 950 ml of sterile, molten, cooled (45-50°C) Baird Parker Agar Base [M043](#) /[M043S](#)/Baird Parker Agar Base, Granulated [GM043](#) /Baird Parker HiCynth™ Agar Base [MCD043](#) /Baird Parker HiVeg™ Agar Base [MV043](#)/ Baird Parker Agar Base w/Sulpha [M1140](#)/HiCrome™ Aureus Agar Base [M1468](#). Aseptically add 100 ml in 900 ml of sterile, molten, cooled (45-50°C) Clostridium Perfringens Agar Base [M2070](#). Mix well and pour into sterile petri plates.

Type of specimen

Clinical samples - Skin scrapping, wounds, faeces, etc. ; Food samples

Specimen Collection and Handling

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (1,2).
For Food samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (3).
After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

Warning & Precautions

In Vitro diagnostic use. For professional use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Storage and Shelf Life

Store at 2 - 8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (1,2).

Reference

1. Isenberg (Ed.),2004, Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook, Vol.3, American Society for Microbiology, Washington. D.C.
2. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.
3. Salfinger Y., and Tortorello M.L. Fifth (Ed.), 2015, Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Foods, American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.

* Not For Medicinal Use

Revision : 04/2023



HiMedia Laboratories Pvt.
Limited, Plot No.C-40, Road
No.21Y, MIDC, Wagle Industrial
Area, Thane (W) -400604, MS,
India



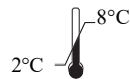
CEpartner4U, Esdoornlaan 13,
3951DB Maarn, NL
www.cepartner4u.eu



In vitro diagnostic
medical device



CE Marking



Storage temperature



Do not use if
package is damaged

Disclaimer :

User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use. Products conform solely to the information contained in this and other related HiMedia™ publications. The information contained in this publication is based on our research and development work and is to the best of our knowledge true and accurate. HiMedia™ Laboratories Pvt Ltd reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time. Products are not intended for human or animal diagnostic or therapeutic use but for laboratory, research or further manufacturing use only, unless otherwise specified. Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.