

Technical Data

Griseofulvin Ezy MICTM Strip (GRI) (0.002-32 mcg/ml) EM143I (Individually Packed)

Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing For *In Vitro* Diagnostic use

It is a unique MIC determination paper strip which is coated with Griseofulvin on a single paper strip in a concentration gradient manner, capable of showing MICs in the range of 0.002 mcg/ml to 32 mcg/ml, on testing against the test organism.

Introduction:

Ezy MICTM strip is useful for quantitative determination of susceptibility of yeast & fungi to antifungal agents. The system comprises of a predefined quantitative gradient which is used to determine the Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) in mcg/ml of different antimicrobial agents against microorganisms as tested on appropriate agar media, following overnight incubation.

Ezy MICTM Strip FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

Ezy MICTM strip exhibits several advantages over existing plastic strip.

- 1. Ezy MICTM strip is made up of porous paper material unlike plastic non-porous material
- 2. Ezy MICTM strip has MIC values printed on both sides identically.
- 3. The antifungal agent is evenly distributed on either side of the Ezy MICTM strip and hence it can be placed by any side on the agar surface.
- 4. For Ezy MICTM strips, MIC values can be read without opening the lid of the plate as most commonly translucent medium such as Mueller Hinton Agar or Mueller Hinton Agar, 2% glucose with methylene blue is employed.
- 5. Once placed, Ezy MICTM strip is adsorbed within 60 seconds and firmly adheres to the agar surface.
- 6. Unlike the plastic material, it does not form air bubbles underneath and hence there is no need to press the strip once placed.
- 7. The strips give reproducible MIC values that are equivalent to the standard reference MIC obtained by Broth dilution performed as per guidelines with less efforts.

METHOD AND USE OF EZY MICTM STRIPS

Type of specimen

Pure cultures should be derived from specimens obtained from patients prior to the initiation of antimicrobial therapy. Specimens can be of bacterial or fungal isolates derived from blood, urine, faeces, pus, CSF etc. Direct specimens should not be employed in this test. Refer procedure, which includes preparation of inoculum (1, 3).

• Clinical specimen collection, handling and processing

Follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines. After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding (1, 3).

• Guidelines for preparation of the medium

Prepare Mueller Hinton Agar, Modified (as per CLSI for antifungal) (M1825) from dehydrated powder according to the directions specified on the label. Alternately, prepare Mueller Hinton Agar with added 2% Glucose + 0.5 mcg/ml Methylene Blue Dye (this could be added pre or post sterilization). Cool the sterilized molten medium to $45\text{-}50^{\circ}\text{C}$ and pour in sterile, dry Petri plates on a leveled surface, to a depth of $4\pm0.2\text{mm}$ and allow solidifying. Few droplets appearing on the surface of the medium following cooling do not matter. Hence, once poured, Petri plates containing media should not be dried on laminar flow and can be used immediately for swabbing.

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• Preparation of Inoculum

1. Dermatophytes should be grown on Potato Dextrose Agar or Oat Meal Agar at 30°C for four to five days or until good conidial growth is present.

- 2. Cover colonies with approximately 1 ml of sterile 0.85% Saline and prepare a suspension by gently probing the colonies with the tip of transfer pipette or sterile swab. Allow the resulting suspension to settle for 5-10 minutes.
- 3. Count conidia with hemocytometer and adjust the concentration as needed (1X10³ to 3X10³ CFU/ml)

• Test Procedure

- 1. Prepare plates with suitable make of recommended medium as mentioned in Table 2 & Table 4.
- 2. Dip a sterile non-toxic cotton swab on a wooden applicator into the standardized inoculum and rotate the soaked swab firmly against the upper inside wall of the tube to express excess fluid. Swab the entire agar surface of the plate with the swab three times, turning the plate at 60° angle between each streaking.
- 3. Remove individually packed Ezy MICTM strip from cold and keep it at room temperature for 15 minutes before opening.
- 4. Tear the aluminum pouch carefully at the notch provided, so that it does not damage the Ezy MICTM Strip.
- 5. With the help of sterile forceps, remove the Ezy MICTM Strip gently and place the strip at a desired position on an agar plate swabbed with the test culture.
- 6. DO NOT PRESS EZY MIC[™] STRIP. Within 60 seconds, Ezy MIC[™] strip will be adsorbed and will firmly adhere to the agar surface.
- 7. Ezy MICTM strip should not be repositioned or adjusted once placed.
- 8. Transfer plates in the incubator under appropriate conditions.

MIC Reading:

- 1. Read the plates only when sufficient growth is seen.
- 2. Read the MIC where the ellipse intersects the MIC scale on the strip.
- 3. Examine each plate after 24-48 hours of incubation. If plate was satisfactorily streaked the resulting zones of inhibition will be uniform and there will be a semi-confluent lawn of growth. Read upto 5 days when insufficient growth is observed after incubation.
- 4. Isolated colonies, pinpoint microcolonies and hazes may appear within the zone of inhibition frequently and they should be ignored. In such cases, consider reading for MIC determination at a point on the scale at which prominent reduction of growth is seen.
- Since Ezy MIC™ strip has continuous gradient, MIC values "in-between" two fold dilutions can be obtained.
- 6. Always round up these values to the next two-fold dilution before categorization. For example: Griseofulvin showing reading of 0.094 mcg/ml should be rounded up to next concentration ie. 0.125 mcg/ml.
- 7. If the ellipse intersects the strip in between 2 dilutions, read the MIC as the value which is nearest to the intersection.
- 8. When growth occurs along the entire strip, report the MIC as \geq the highest values on the MIC strip. When the inhibition ellipse is below the strip (does not intersect the strip), report the MIC < the lowest value on the MIC scale.

Warning and Precautions:

- 1. Ezy MICTM Strip is intended for *In vitro* diagnostic use only.
- 2. Although based on simple procedure, Ezy MICTM Strip should only be used by at least semi-trained personnel.
- 3. This strip is intended only for agar diffusion method and not for broth dilution method.
- 4. Ezy MICTM Strip should be used strictly according to procedures described herein.
- 5. Performance of Ezy MICTM Strips depends on use of proper inoculum and control cultures, recommended test medium and proper storage temperature.
- 6. Follow aseptic techniques and precautions against microbiological hazards should be used when handling bacterial or fungal specimen throughout the testing procedure.
- 7. Before using Ezy MICTM Strips, ensure that the strip is at room temperature.

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8. When applying strips be steady. Do not move the strip once in contact with agar surface, since the antibiotic instantaneously diffuse on contact with agar.

9. Place the unused strips back to recommended temperature.

QUALITY CONTROL

Quality control of Ezy MICTM Strip is carried out by testing the strips with standard ATCC cultures recommended by CLSI on suitable medium incubated appropriately.

Table 1: Following are the reference MIC values (mcg/ml) range for Griseofulvin.

Organism	Medium Used	Incubation	Std. Quality Control limits
			(mcg/ml)
T. mentagrophytes MRL	Mueller Hinton Agar,	At 24-26°C for 4-5	0.125 - 0.25 - 0.5
1957 ATCC MYA 4439	Modified (as per CLSI	days	
	for antifungal) (M1825)	Or	
	Or	until good conidial	
	Mueller Hinton Agar +	growth is present	
	2% Glucose +		
	0.5mcg/ml Methylene		
	Blue		

Storage & Shelf Life:

- 1. Once the consignment is received, store applicators at Room Temperature and Ezy MICTM strips container at 2-8°C, for prolonged use store below -20°C.
- 2. Use before expiry date on the label.
- 3. Ezy MICTM Strip left over from opened package must be kept dry.
- 4. Moisture should be prevented from penetrating into or forming within the package or storage container.
- 5. Check whether the batch number and expiry date are marked on the storage container.
- 6. Product performance is best within stated expiry period if correctly stored and handled.

Disposal:

After use, Ezy MICTM Strips and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (2, 3).

Limitation of Test

Ezy MICTM Strips provides *in vitro* MIC values, which provides only a possible insinuation of pathogens potential in *In vivo* susceptibility. These values can be considered as a guide to therapy selection only after taking into consideration several other factors; and must be the sole decision and responsibility of the physician along with the clinical experience in treating the infection. These tests are comparable to the standards as per the given specifications and set of experiment standards as far as possible. Please refer to CLSI standards for detailed limitation of susceptibility test on the clinical use of an antibiotic in various therapeutic conditions.

References:

- 1. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook. 2nd Edition, Vol. 1, Section 2.
- 2. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook. 2nd Edition, Vol. 3, Section 15.
- 3. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.
- 4. Reference Method for Broth Dilution Antifungal Susceptibility Testing of Yeasts; Third Edition. Vol.28 No.14, April- 2008 CLSI document M27-S3.
- 5. Reference Method for Broth Dilution Antifungal Susceptibility Testing of Yeasts; Fourth Informational Supplement. Vol.32 No.17, December 2012 CLSI document M27-S4.

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6. Reference Method for Broth Dilution Antifungal Susceptibility Testing of Filamentous Fungi. Approved Standard- Second Edition Vol.28 No.16, April- 2008 CLSI document M38-A2.

- Performance Standards of Antifungal Susceptibility Testing of Filamentous Fungi; Second Edition. M60-E02, Vol.40, No.8, Jan-2020.
- 8. Performance Standards of Antifungal Susceptibility Testing of Yeast; Second Edition. M61-E02, Vol.40, No.9, Jan-2020.

Packing:

Each Pack contains following material packed in a desire packing with desiccator.

- 1) Griseofulvin Ezy MIC[™] strips (Individually packed) (10/30/60/90/120/150 Strips per pack)
- 2) Package insert

Revision: 02/2024





In vitro diagnostic medical device



Plot No. C-40, Road No. 21Y, MIDC, Wagle Industrial Estate, Thane (W) - 400604, Maharashtra, India



Indicates a single sterile barrier system



Do not re-use



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Do not use if package is damaged

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