

## Banana Multiplication Medium

With Calcium chloride, Vitamins, Sucrose, Glucose, Ascorbic acid, IAA, 6-BAP and Agar

**Product Code: PT079**

### Product Description :

Banana Multiplication Medium has been developed for the *in vitro* multiplication of *Musa* species, family *Musaceae*. It is based on the Murashige and Skoog medium composition with certain alterations aiding towards suitability for *Musa* species. The formulation is a nutrient blend of inorganic salts, vitamins, carbohydrates, amino acid, plant growth regulators and gelling agent.

Banana Multiplication Medium provides all the essential macroelements and microelements. Potassium nitrate and ammonium nitrate serve as sources of nitrate and helps in organogenesis. This mixture of cation and anion is responsible for maintaining pH of the media. Potassium dihydrogen phosphate serves as a source of phosphate. Microelements like Boron, Manganese, Molybdenum, Copper, and Zinc enhance metabolism in the plants. Thiamine, nicotinic acid, pyridoxine act as enzymatic cofactors in universal pathways including glycolysis and TCA cycle along with the primary and secondary metabolism in the plants. Sucrose along with glucose provides energy and acts as osmoticum. Ascorbic acid serves as an antioxidant. 6-BAP aids in shoot proliferation and multiplication while IAA induces rooting.

The product is plant tissue culture tested but it is the sole responsibility of the user to ensure the suitability of the medium for individual species.

### Composition :

Ingredients	mg/L
<b>MACROELEMENTS</b>	
Ammonium nitrate	1650.000
Calcium chloride	332.200
Magnesium sulphate	180.690
Potassium nitrate	1900.000
Potassium phosphate monobasic	170.000
<b>MICROELEMENTS</b>	
Boric acid	6.200
Cobalt chloride hexahydrate	0.025

Copper sulphate pentahydrate	0.025
EDTA disodium salt dihydrate	37.300
Ferrous sulphate heptahydrate	27.800
Manganese sulphate monohydrate	16.900
Molybdc acid (sodium salt)	0.213
Potassium Iodide	0.830
Zinc sulphate heptahydrate	8.600
<b>VITAMINS</b>	
L-Ascorbic acid	20.000
Pyridoxine HCl	0.500
Thiamine hydrochloride	0.400
Nicotinic acid (free acid)	0.500
<b>AMINO ACID</b>	
Glycine	2.000
<b>CARBOHYDRATE</b>	
Glucose	2.000
Sucrose	30000.000
<b>GELLING AGENT</b>	
Agar	8000.000
<b>OTHERS</b>	
6-Benzylaminopurine	4.500
Indole-3-acetic acid	0.180
<b>Total(gms/litre)</b>	<b>42.4</b>

### Material required but not provided :

- Autoclaved distilled water
- 1N NaOH/HCl

### Precautions :

- Ensure appropriate pH of the medium before addition of gelling agent as acidic pH will lead to decreased gelation resulting in semi solid flowing gel while alkaline pH will lead to formation of hardened gel.
- Use of Distilled water/Tissue culture grade water is recommended for media preparation as tap water or lower grade water may lead to salt precipitation and improper gelation.
- Avoid preparation of concentrated solutions, as it will lead to precipitation of salts.

## Directions :

- Reconstitute medium by adding required quantity of powder in two-third of total volume with constant, gentle stirring till the medium gets completely dissolved.
- Add heat stable supplements prior to autoclaving.
- Make up the final volume with distilled water.
- Adjust the pH of the medium to  $5.75 \pm 0.5$  using 1N NaOH/HCl.
- Heat the medium to boiling till complete dissolution of gelling agent.
- Sterilize the medium by autoclaving at 15 lbs and  $121^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 15 min.
- Cool the autoclaved medium to about  $45^{\circ}\text{C}$  before adding heat labile supplements.
- Aseptically dispense the desired amount of medium under a laminar airflow unit in sterile culture vessels.

## Quality Control:

### Appearance

White to off-white, homogenous, free flowing powder

### Solubility

42.4 gms/litre soluble after boiling in distilled water

### Colour and Clarity

Colourless to light yellow solution, hazy gel is formed on cooling

### Gelling

Firm gel formed at pH:  $5.75 \pm 0.5$

### pH at $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

5.00 - 6.00

### Plant Tissue Culture Test

The growth promoting properties of medium is assessed by providing plant cultures with relative humidity of about  $60\% \pm 2\%$ , temperature  $22^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$  and photoperiod of about 16:8. The plant species showed actively growing callus and shoots with no structural, necrotic and toxic deformity.

## Storage and Shelf Life:

- The plant tissue culture medium powder is extremely hygroscopic and must be stored at  $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$  in air tight containers.
- Preferably, entire content of each package should be used immediately after opening.
- Use before the expiry date.

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### Disclaimer :

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