



## KF Streptococcal Agar Base

M248

### Intended use

Recommended for selective isolation and enumeration of faecal Streptococci in surface water by direct plating or by membrane filter method. It can also be used for clinical samples.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Peptone, special	10.000
Yeast extract	10.000
Sodium chloride	5.000
Sodium glycerophosphate	10.000
Maltose	20.000
Lactose	1.000
Sodium azide	0.400
Agar	20.000
Final pH ( at 25°C)	7.2±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Suspend 76.4 grams in 1000 ml purified/ distilled water. Add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Bromo Cresol Purple (FD093). Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. Overheating will lower the pH and render the medium less productive. Cool to 45-50°C and aseptically add 10 ml of 1% 2, 3, 5-Triphenyl Tetrazolium Chloride (TTC) (FD057) . Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

### Principle And Interpretation

Streptococci are spherical, gram-positive bacteria and form a part of the normal commensal flora of the mouth, skin, intestine, upper respiratory tract of humans. Streptococci found in the faeces form the faecal Streptococci and constitute of Streptococci with group D Lancefield antigens. The types include *Streptococcus faecalis*, *Streptococcus faecium*, *Streptococcus bovis* and *Streptococcus duran*. They are low-grade pathogens and rarely cause disease. However, they may cause urinary tract infection in catheterized patients; mixed abdominal wound infections following gut surgery; and endocarditis on abnormal valves. Kenner-Faecal (KF) Medium was developed by Kenner et al (5,6) for detecting Streptococci in water and food materials. KF Streptococcus Agar Base is recommended by APHA for enumerating faecal Streptococci in food materials (8). Special peptone with yeast extract provide nitrogen, carbon, sulphur, amino acids, vitamins and trace ingredients to the faecal Streptococci. Lactose and maltose are the fermentable carbohydrates and therefore serve as energy sources. Sodium azide is a selective agent, which hampers the growth of gram-negative bacteria.

2,3,5-Triphenyl Tetrazolium Chloride is reduced to insoluble formazan by actively metabolizing cells, resulting in the formation of pink or red colonies. Bacteria resistant to azide, utilize lactose and / or maltose. The acidity so produced changes the colour of the indicator dyes to yellow. Bacterial cells reduce TTC to insoluble formazan, resulting in the formation of pink to red colonies.

Samples can be directly streaked or sterile membrane filters through which the water samples have been passed are aseptically placed on the media. After an incubation at 35-37°C for 24-48 hours, Enterococci appear as pink to red colonies. After this presumptive identification, further confirmatory tests should be carried out (2,7).

### Type of specimen

Clinical samples - faeces, Food samples; Water sample, Food samples.

## Specimen Collection and Handling

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (3,4 ).

For food samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines.(8)

For water samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines and local standards.(1)

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

## Warning and Precautions

In Vitro diagnostic Use. Read the label before opening the container. The media should be handled by trained personnel only. Ear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

## Limitations :

1. Due to nutritional variation, some strains may show poor growth.
2. Further biochemical tests must be carried out for confirmation.

## Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

## Quality Control

### Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 2.0% agar gel.

### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Basal medium : Light yellow. After addition of FD093 ( Bromo Cresol Purple ) : Light purple coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

### Reaction

Reaction of 7.64% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.2±0.2

### pH

7.00-7.40

### Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics observed with added FD057 and FD093, after an incubation at 35-37°C for 48-72 hours.

### Cultural Response

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of colony
<b>Cultural Response</b>				
# <i>Klebsiella aerogenes</i> ATCC 24159 (00175*)	≥10 <sup>4</sup>	inhibited	0%	
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC50-100 2: 323 (00087*)		good-luxuriant	≥50%	red-maroon
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC! 25: 22 (00013*)	≥10 <sup>4</sup>	inhibited	0%	

Key : \*- Corresponding WDCM numbers

#- Formerly known as *Enterobacter aerogenes*

## Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.

Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

## Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (3,4).

## Reference

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4. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.
5. Kenner B. A., Clark H. F. and Kabler P. W., 1960, Am. J. Public Health, 50:1553.
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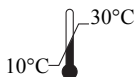
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In vitro diagnostic medical device



CE Marking



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