



## Mannitol Salt Agar

M118B

Mannitol Salt Agar is used for selective isolation of pathogenic Staphylococci in accordance with British Pharmacopoeia.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Peptic digest of animal tissue	5.000
Pancreatic digest of casein	5.000
Beef extract	1.000
Sodium chloride	75.000
D-Mannitol	10.000
Phenol red	0.025
Agar	15.000
pH after sterilization ( at 25°C)	7.4±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Suspend 111.02 grams in 1000 ml purified/ distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes or as per validated cycle.

*Note : This product contains 7.5% Sodium chloride as one of its ingredients. On repeated exposure to air and absorption moisture sodium chloride has tendency to form lumps, therefore we strongly recommend storage in tightly closed containers in dry place away from bright light .*

### Principle And Interpretation

Staphylococci are widespread in nature, although they are mainly found on the skin, skin glands and mucous membranes of mammals and birds. The coagulase-positive species i.e. *Staphylococcus aureus* is well documented as a human opportunistic pathogen. The ability to clot plasma continues to be the most widely used and accepted criterion for the identification of pathogenic staphylococci associated with acute infections (1). Staphylococci have the unique ability of growing on a high salt containing media (2). Isolation of coagulase-positive staphylococci on Phenol Red Mannitol Agar supplemented with 7.5% NaCl was studied by Chapman (3). The resulting Mannitol Salt Agar Base is recommended for the isolation of coagulase-positive staphylococci from cosmetics, milk, food and other specimens (1, 4-7). The additional property of lipase activity of *Staphylococcus aureus* can be detected by the addition of the Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045). The lipase activity can be visualized as yellow opaque zones around the colonies (8).

It is also used in the performance of microbial limit tests. It is recommended by British Pharmacopoeia for use in the performance of microbial limit tests for sterility testing (9). The formulation is in accordance with the harmonization of British Pharmacopoeia, United States Pharmacopoeia and European Pharmacopoeia and (9,10,11)

The medium contains beef extract, pancreatic digest of casein and peptic digest of animal tissue which makes it very nutritious as they provide essential growth factors and trace nutrients. Many other bacteria except Staphylococci are inhibited by 7.5% sodium chloride. Mannitol is the fermentable carbohydrate fermentation of which leads to acid production, detected by phenol red indicator.

*S.aureus* ferment mannitol and produce yellow coloured colonies surrounded by yellow zones. Coagulase-negative strains of *S.aureus* are usually mannitol non-fermenters and therefore produce pink to red colonies surrounded by red-purple zones. Presumptive coagulase-positive yellow colonies of *S.aureus* should be confirmed by performing the coagulase test [tube or slide (1)]. Lipase activity of *S.aureus* can be detected by supplementing the medium with egg yolk emulsion

A possible *S.aureus* must be confirmed by the coagulase test. Also the organism should be subcultured to a less inhibitory medium not containing excess salt to avoid the possible interference of salt with coagulase testing or other diagnostic tests (e.g. Nutrient Broth)(M002) (12). Few strains of *S.aureus* may exhibit delayed mannitol fermentation. Negative results should therefore be re-incubated for an additional 24 hours before being discarded (12).

## Quality Control

### Appearance

Light yellow to pink homogeneous free flowing powder

### Gelling

Firm,comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Red coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

### pH

7.20-7.60

### Growth Promotion Test

Growth Promotion was carried out in accordance with the method of BP, after an incubation at 30-35°C for 18-72 hours.

Recovery rate is considered as 100% for bacteria growth on Soybean Casein Digest Agar.

### Growth promoting properties

Growth of microorganism comparable to that previously obtained with previously tested and approved lot of medium occurs at the specified temperature for not more than the shortest period of time specified inoculating  $\leq 100$  cfu(at 30-35°C for  $\leq 18$  hours).

### Indicative properties

Colonies are comparable in appearance and indication reaction to those previously obtained with previously tested and approved lot of medium occurs for the specified temperature for a period of time within the range specified inoculating  $\leq 100$ cfu (at 30-35°C for 18-72 hours).

### Inhibitory properties

No growth of the test microorganism occurs for the specified temp for not less than longest period of time specified inoculating  $\geq 100$ cfu (at 30-35°C for  $\geq 72$  hours).

### Cultural Response

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Observed Lot value (CFU)	Recovery	Colour of colony	Incubation period
<b>Growth Promoting + Indicative</b>						
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 6538	50 -100	luxuriant	25 -100	$\geq 50$ %	yellow/white colonies surrounded by yellow zone	18 -72 hrs
<b>Inhibitory</b>						
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 8739	$\geq 10^3$	inhibited	0	0 %		$\geq 72$ hrs
<b>Additional Microbiological testing</b>						
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 25923	50 -100	luxuriant	25 -100	$\geq 50$ %	yellow/white colonies surrounded by yellow zone	18 -72 hrs
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ATCC 12228	50 -100	fair - good	15 -40	30 -40 %	red	18 -72 hrs
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ATCC 14990	50 -100	fair - good	15 -40	30 -40 %	red	18 -72 hrs
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> ATCC 12453	50 -100	none-poor	0 -10	0 -10 %	yellow	18 -72 hrs
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922	$\geq 10^3$	inhibited	0	0%		$\geq 72$ hrs
<i>Escherichia coli</i> NCTC 9002	$\geq 10^3$	inhibited	0	0%		$\geq 72$ hrs

Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.

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*Enterobacter aerogenes*     $\geq 10^3$     inhibited    0    0%     $\geq 72$  hrs  
ATCC 13048

### Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

### Reference

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